



EU Delegation to Norway

The Future of Europe

**Political Committee for
European Affairs in Eastern
Norway County Network
16.05.**

**Helen Campbell
EU Ambassador to Norway
@HelenCampbellEU**



White Paper on the Future of Europe

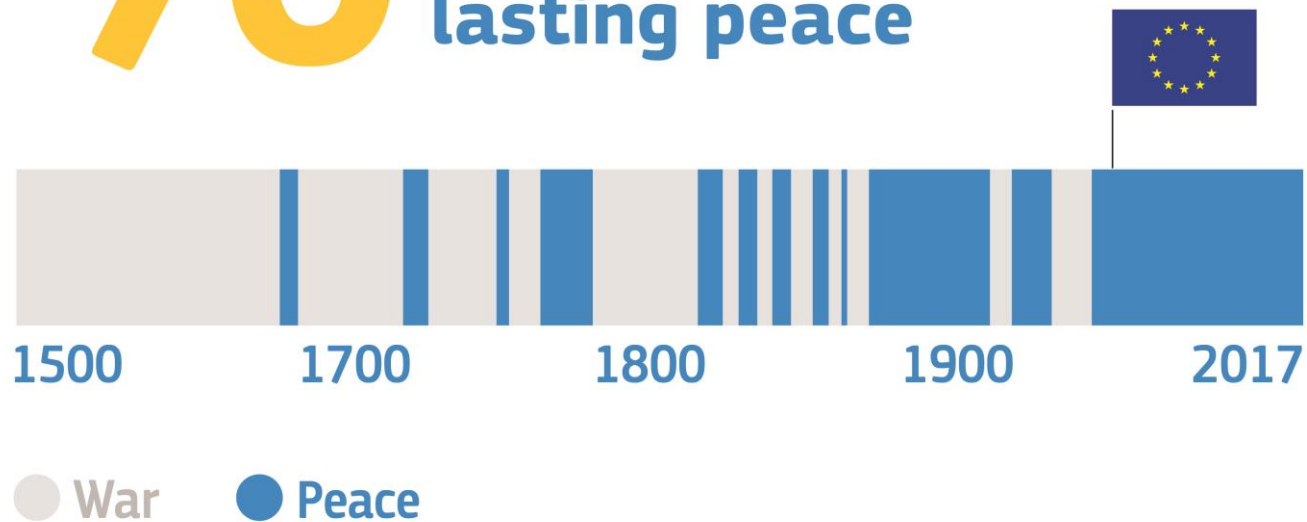
Why now?

- ▶ Celebration of past achievements:
the 60th anniversary of the Treaties of Rome
- ▶ Start of a new chapter:
a vision of the future at 27





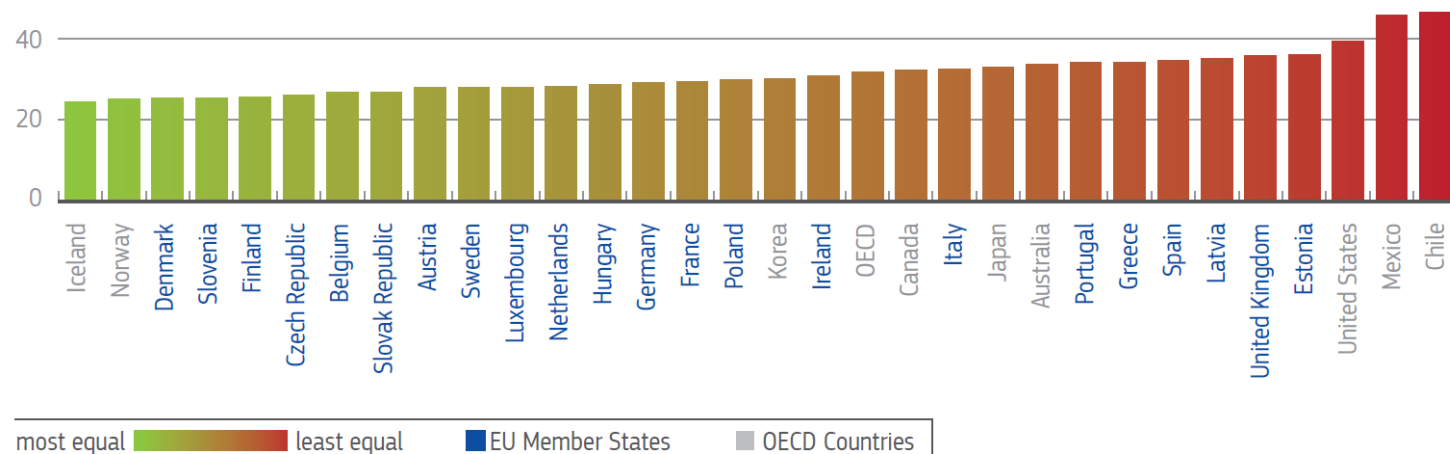
70 years of lasting peace



Source: European Commission



Europe is home to the most equal societies in the world



Note: This graph shows the distribution of income between individuals using the Gini coefficient where 0 represents perfect equality.

Source: OECD, latest available data



Drivers of Europe's Future



A changing place in an evolving world



A profoundly transformed economy and society



Heightened threats and concerns about security and borders



A questioning of trust and legitimacy



A changing place in an evolving world



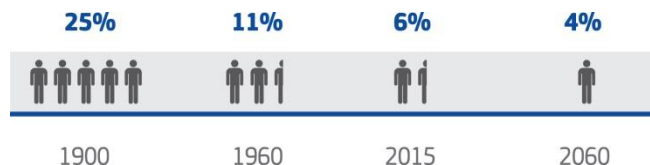
Economic weight

	2004	2015	
United States of America	28%	24%	↓
EU-27	26%	22%	↓
Japan	11%	6%	↓
UK	5%	4%	↓
China	5%	15%	↑
Canada	2%	2%	→
Mexico	2%	2%	→
Brazil	<2%	2%	↑
India	<2%	3%	↑
Rest of the world	18%	21%	↑

Source: Eurostat and UN Statistical Division



Population shift

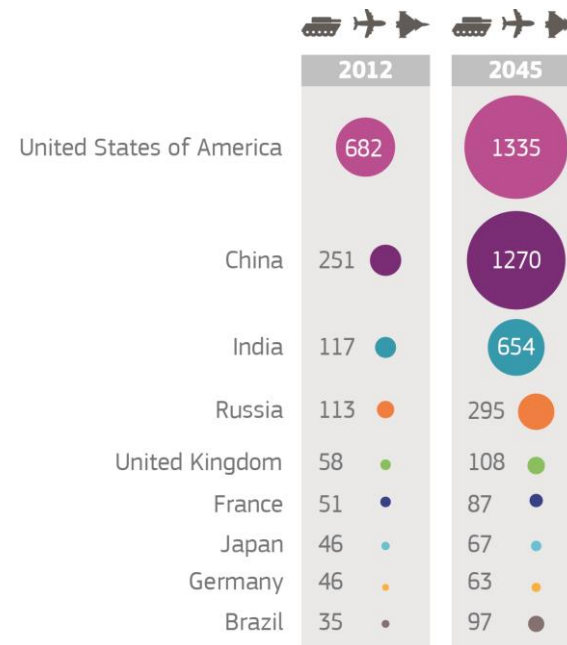


Source: UN Statistical Division and Eurostat, EU27



Defence priorities

Defence expenditure by 2045 (in billion USD)



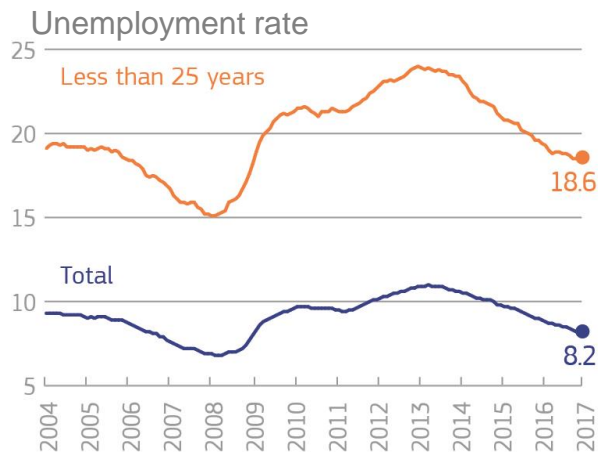
Source: Report by UK Ministry of Defence: Strategic Trends Programme: Global Strategic Trends – Out to 2045



A profoundly transformed economy and society



Legacy of the economic crisis

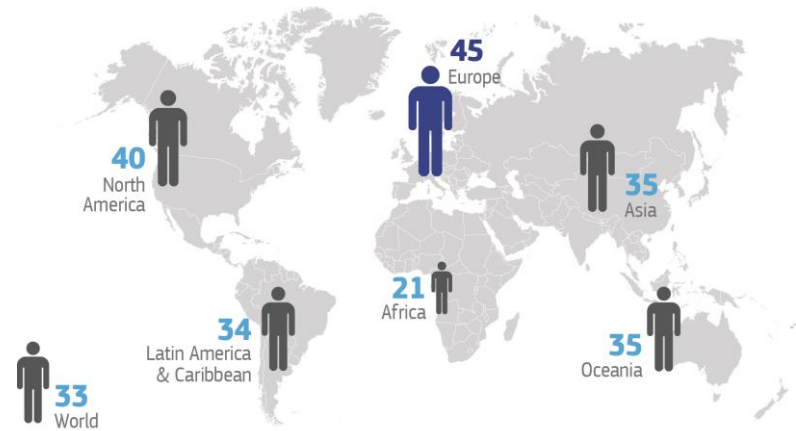


Source: European Commission



Changing demographics

Median age by regions of the world by 2030



Source: Rand Europe



Climate change and environmental concerns



New technologies and digitisation



European
Commission



Heightened threats and concerns about security and borders



Security



Borders





A questioning of trust and legitimacy



Populist and nationalist rhetoric



Gap between promise and delivery



24/7 news cycle

Source: ©Pulse of Europe





Five Scenarios



Carrying On

The EU27 focuses on delivering its positive reform agenda



Nothing but the Single Market

The EU27 is gradually re-centred on the single market



Those Who Want More Do More

The EU27 allows willing Member States to do more together in specific areas



Doing Less More Efficiently

The EU27 focuses on delivering more and faster in selected policy areas, while doing less elsewhere



Doing Much More Together

Member States decide to do much more together across all policy areas



Scenario

1

Carrying on



The EU27 focuses on delivering its positive reform agenda.



The positive agenda of action continues to deliver concrete results



The unity of the 27 may still be tested in the event of major disputes



The gap between promise and delivery will only progressively be closed if there is collective resolve to deliver jointly



Scenario

2 Nothing but the Single Market



The EU27 cannot agree to do more in many policy areas beyond key aspects of the single market



Decision-making may be simpler to understand



It becomes harder to address issues of concern to more than one Member State and therefore the gap between expectations and delivery widens on common challenges



Citizens' rights guaranteed under EU law may become restricted over time



Scenario

3 Those Who Want More Do More



The EU27 allows willing Member States to do more together in specific areas



The unity of the EU at 27 is preserved while progress is made possible for those who want more



The gap between expectation and delivery closes in countries who want and choose to do more



Questions arise about the transparency and accountability of the different layers of decision-making



Citizens' rights guaranteed under EU law vary depending on where people live



Scenario

4 Doing Less More Efficiently



The EU27 focuses on delivering more and faster in selected policy areas not acting in where it is perceived not to have an added value



European citizens feel that the EU is only acting where it has real added value



A clearer focus of resources and attention on a number of selected domains helps the EU27 to act faster



The EU at first has difficulty in agreeing which areas it should prioritise and where it should do less



Scenario

5 Doing Much More Together



Member States decide to do much more together across all policy areas



There is far greater and quicker decision-making at EU level




Citizens have more rights under EU law



Parts of society which feel that the EU lacks legitimacy or has taken too much power away from national authorities risk being alienated



What's next?

 *The floor has to be given to this Parliament, national parliaments, governments, civil society – in brief, citizens... This Commission wants to listen before deciding.*

Jean-Claude Juncker, President of the European Commission



Future of Europe
debates in national
parliaments, cities
and regions



Debate on social media:
#FutureOfEurope



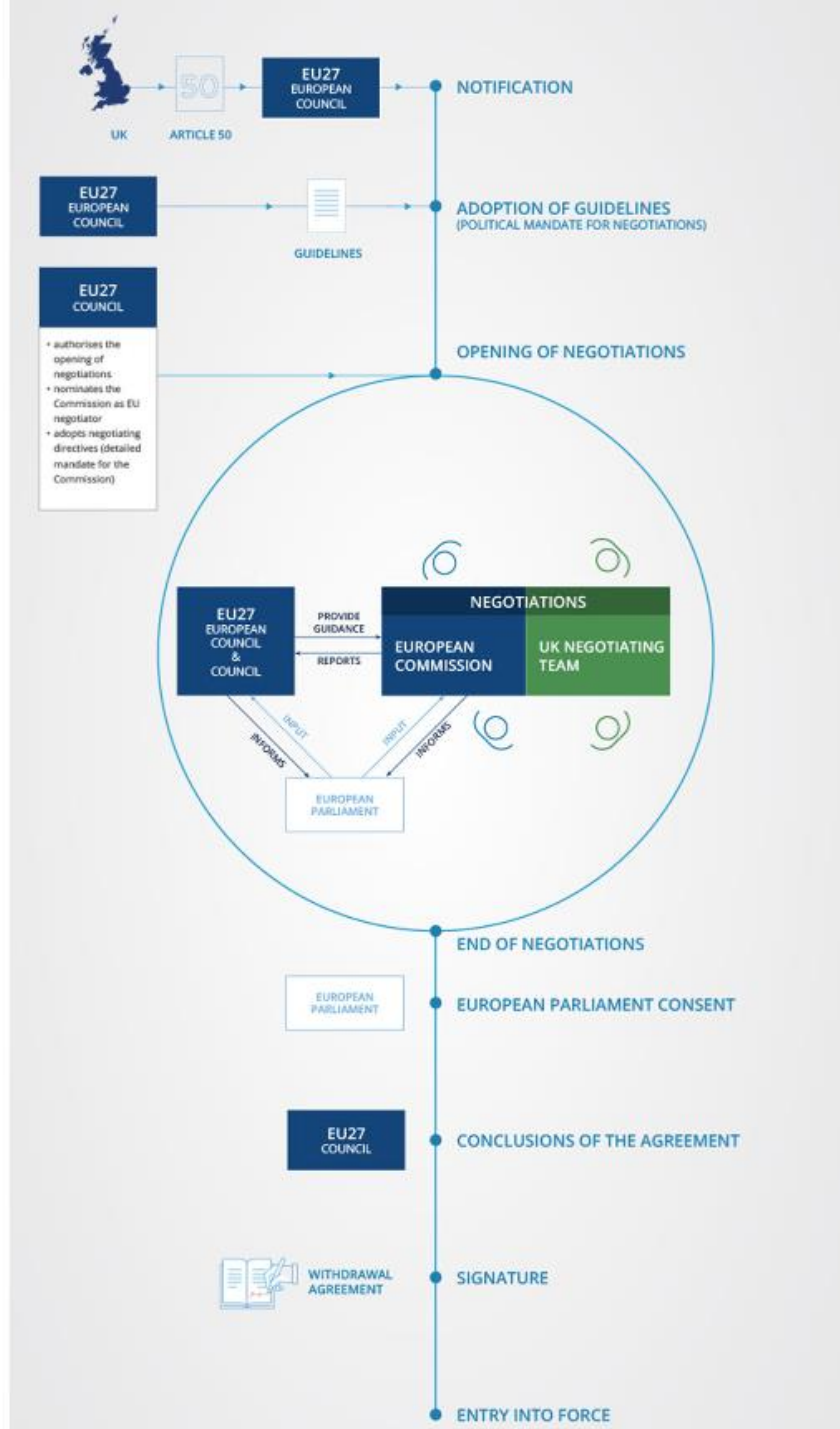
Citizens' Dialogues with
Commissioners



The way ahead



BREXIT





EU Delegation to Norway

EU GLOBAL STRATEGY

A Stronger Global Actor





EU Delegation to Norway

MIGRATION





EU Delegation to Norway

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Seminars & events



Helen Campbell til Bergen
EUs ambassadør Helen Campbell er invitert til Bergen for å holde to presentasjoner onsdag 13. april - den ene på Haytes hus i regi av Europeisk Ungdom, og den andre ved Universitetet i Bergen.

Ambassadøren vil snakke om EUs agenda, samt aktuelle temaer som TTIP, migrasjonsutfordringer, energi og forholdet mellom Norge og EU. Det vil bli sett av god tid til spørsmål fra salen.

[Les mer om tir og sted her](#)

Mogherini blogger om atomikkerhet
EUs høyrepresentant for utenrikssaker og sikkerhetspolitikk, Federica Mogherini, var i Washington for å diskutere atomikkerhet fredag 1. april. I den anledningen skrev hun et blogginnlegg om viktigheten av internasjonal samarbeid, for å unngå et terrororganisasjoner får tak i kjernefysiske materialer.

Målet er en del av arbeidet for kjernefysiske nedrustning, et arbeid som i for farte til den historiske atomavtalen med Iran.

[Les blogginnlegget](#)



Gjennomføring av EU-Tyrkia-avtalen
4. april ble de første returene av migranter fra Hellas til Tyrkia, og gjennomføring av syriske flyktninger fra Tyrkia til EU, gjennomført under avtalen mellom EU og Tyrkia.

Avtalen har som mål å erstatte uorganiserte, isolerte og fælle migrasjonsstrømmer med organiserte, trygge og lovlige veier til Europa for de som har krav på beskyttelse under internasjonal og europeisk lov.

[Les mer](#)

Trainee som kommer og trainee som går
EUs delegasjon til Norge fikk en ny trainee mandag 4. april. Sindre Ramseng vil i løpet av de neste tre månedene ta del i Delegasjonens daglige arbeid, og samtidig jobbe med nyhetsbrevet EU-Nytt, sosiale medier, og hjemmesiden.

Denne uken avslutter også årets første trainee, Martin Wilberg, sitt opphold ved delegasjonen. Han anbefaler alle med interesse for norsk og europeisk politikk til å søke på vår traineeordning.

[Les mer](#)



Revidert pakke for smarte grenser
Onsdag 6. april lanserte Europakommisjonen et revidert lovforslag for smarte grenser. Målet er å hjelpe medlemsland med å håndtere økende reising inn og ut av Schengen, uten nødvendigvis å øke antall grensekontroller. Pakten skal også fremme trygg mobilitet mellom Schengen-området og tredjeland, samt bidra i kampen mot terrorisme og alvorlig kriminalitet.

I 2015 ble Schengen-området ytterligere krysses over 200 millioner ganger av mennesker uten EU-medlemskap. I tillegg krysses EU-området Schengens yttergrenser rundt 400 millioner ganger.

[Les mer](#)

